

Fibre Sensing - Data Acquisition

NREN Fibre Infrastructure for Sensing

Hannah Mihai, DeiC

Member of the GN5-1 WP6 fibre sensing focus group

Géant infoshare

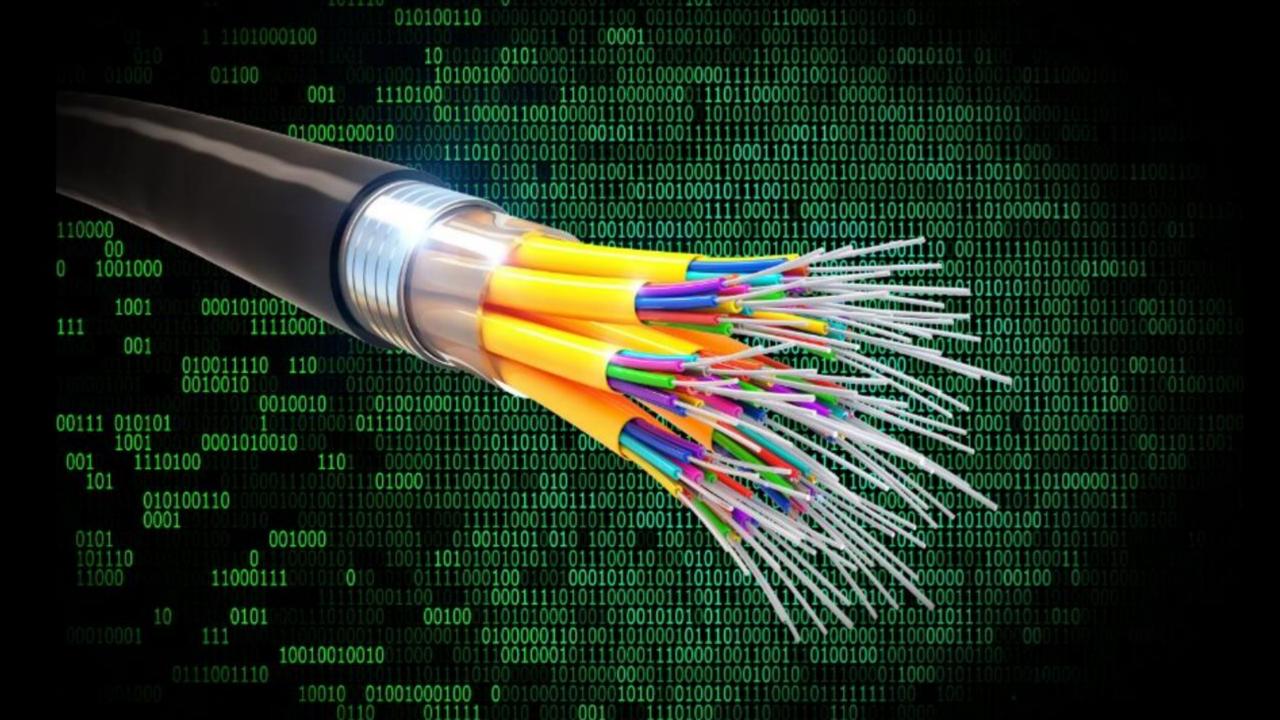
05 December 2024



- Introduction to fibre sensing and Data Management
- Ecosystem
- Stakeholders
- Data Acquisition



- Introduction to fibre sensing and Data Management
- Ecosystem
- Stakeholders
- Data Acquisition



Introduction to fibre sensing and Data Management

Data can be collected on subsea and terrestrial cables

• Large amounts of data are created (1 TB per day and location)

A lot of noise

Involvement of different research areas and military use

We want FAIR data!

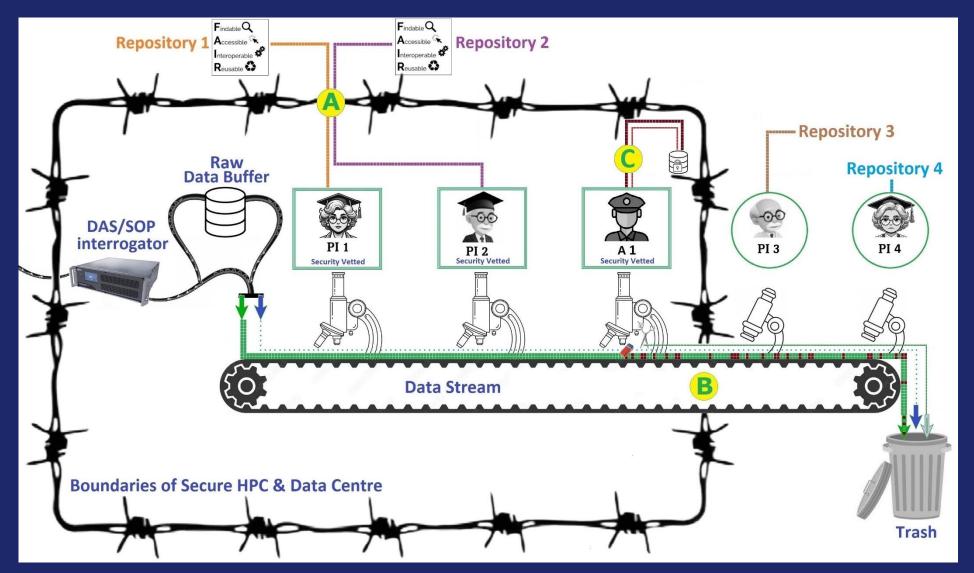
An example from the Submerse project on storage needed

- Experience from the first campaign at Svalbard was
 - DAS: **3-7TB/day** of raw data
 - SoP: 6-12GB/day of raw data
- data volume can be reduced by
 - Filtering (DAS has 32.000 channels available, SoP only 4)
 - Exclusion of frequencies
 - Exclusions in time
 - Spatial exclusions



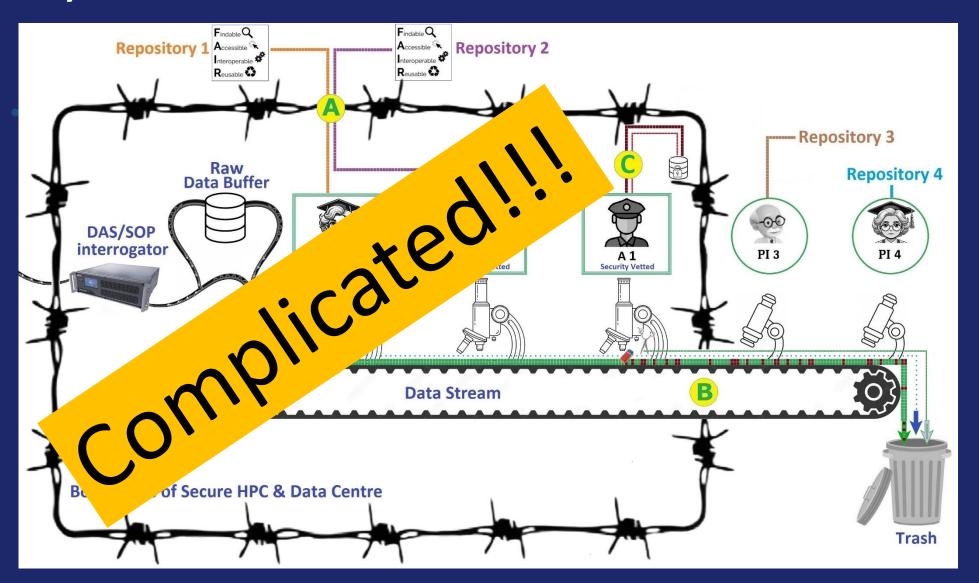
- Introduction to fibre sensing and Data Management
- Ecosystem
- Stakeholders
- Data Acquisition

Ecosystem





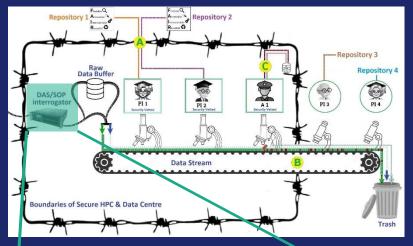
Ecosystem





- Introduction to fibre sensing and Data Management
- Ecosystem
- Stakeholders
- Data Acquisition

Stakeholders – Fibre Infrastructure Owners

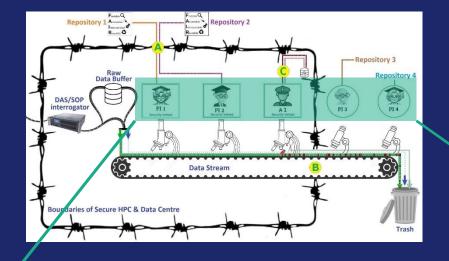




Fibre infrastructure owners own the telecoms cable

- Who owns the data?
 - Fibre infrastructure owners
 - NREN's
 - Researchers
 - Other stakeholders

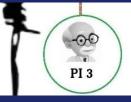
Stakeholders – Data Users















- Civil protection
 - early warning agencies
- Dual use
 - Military
 - Intelligence
 - law enforcement
- Commercial
 - Fibre infrastructure owners
 - Infrastructure operators (power, transport)

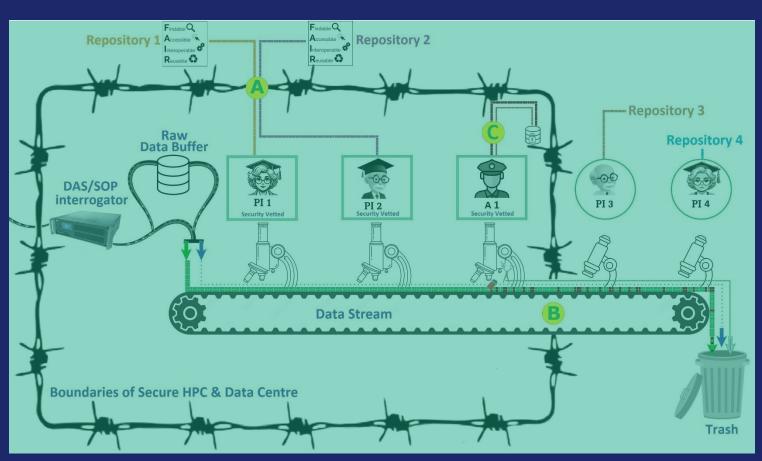
Stakeholders – Policy Makers



- MEDUSA
- Connecting several countries and continents

 Who has opinions on the data acquisition practices?

Stakeholders – Policy Makers

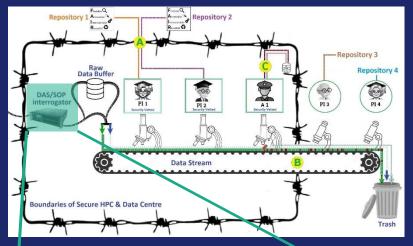


- UNCLOS (United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea)
- National laws
- National security agencies
- Research performing organisations
- NRENs



- Introduction to fibre sensing and Data Management
- Ecosystem
- Stakeholders
- Data Acquisition

Data Acquisition – On The Fibre



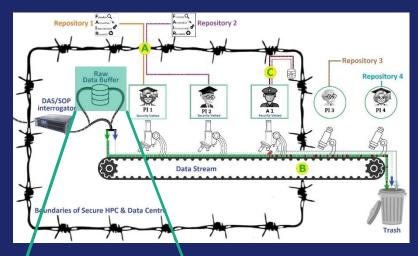


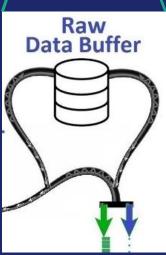
• Telecoms cable is installed

• DAS/SOP interrogator is installed

Data is streamed to a secure computer center

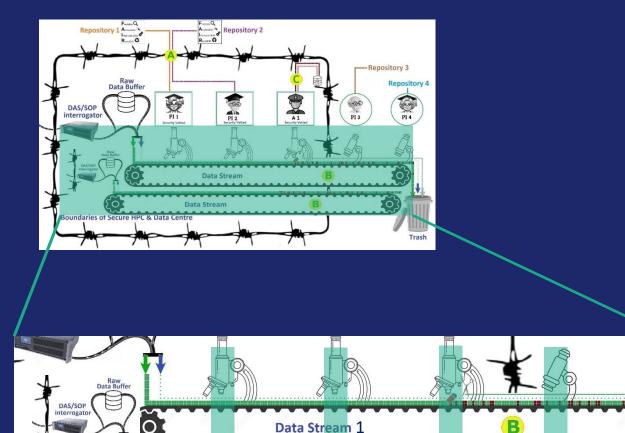
Data Acquisition – Raw Data Buffer





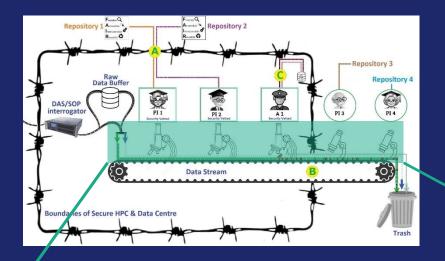
- Secure data storage center in the country of data acquisition
- All raw data will be kept in a secure buffer for 3 e.g. months

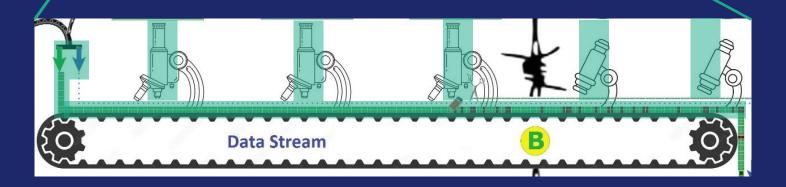
Data Acquisition – Data pooling



- Access to available data from several data collection locations
- Pooling is possible inside and outside of the secure HPC and Data Center

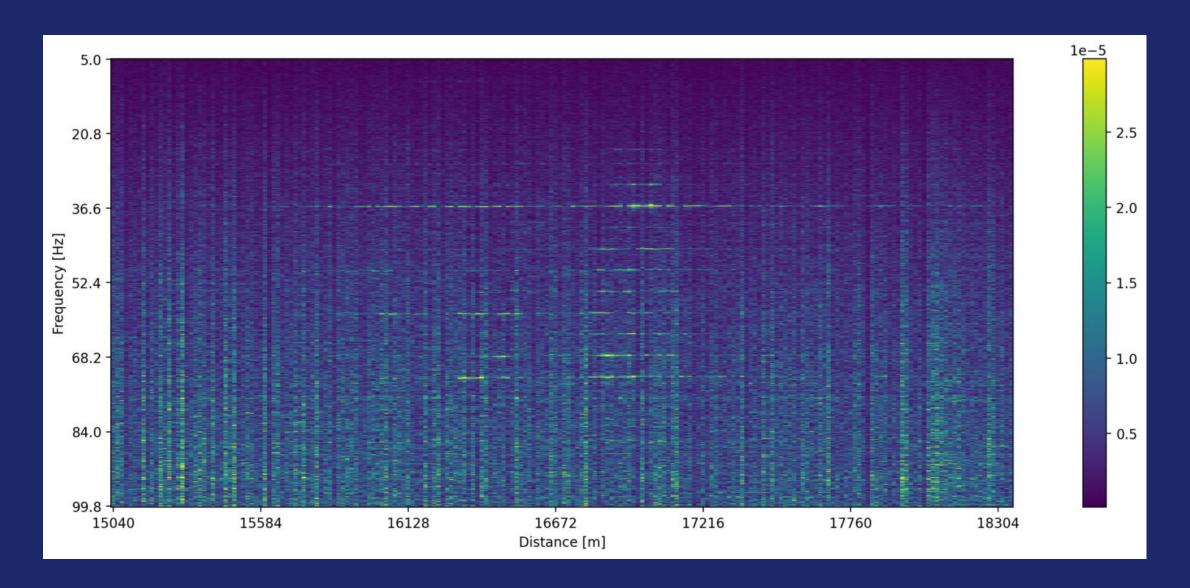
Data Acquisition – Data Pre-processing



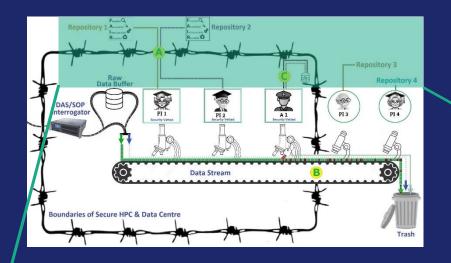


- Algorithms and Machine learning will be used to automatically pre-filter the data
 - Files containing sensitive information will be deleted
 - Files containing events will be labeled and send directly to a repository

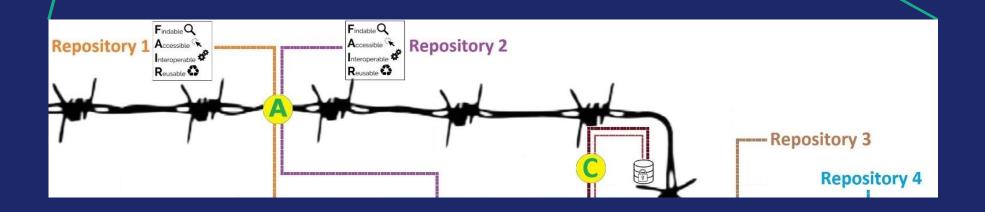
Example frequency domain plot



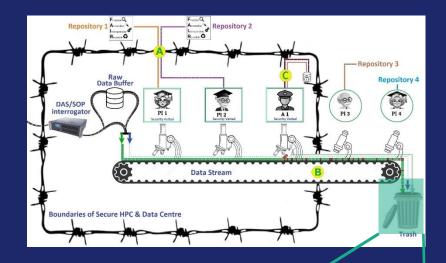
Data Acquisition – Streaming to Archives



- Discipline specific formats and standards
- everything FAIR and as open as possible, as protected as necessary



Data Acquisition – Data Deletion





• Everything that has not been claimed by a discipline specific archive or other data users will be deleted after 3 months



Thank You, any questions?

www.geant.org

