



Integrating RDM Services using maDMPs

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DMP Common Standards WG

2022 Webinar Series Highlighting RDA Outputs



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RDA Agenda RESEARCH DATA ALLIANCE

- > Introduction
 - Data Management Plans
- Machine-actionable DMPs
 - Context
 - > RDA Recommendation
 - > What it is
 - Example
- > Integrating RDM Services
- > RDA working group and further reading





Data Management Plans (DMPs)

	Data Officer	Who is responsible for the data management and the DMP of the project (name/email address)?				
1	Data Characteristics					
1.1	Description of the data	What kinds of data/source code will be generated or reused (type, format, volume)? How will the research data be generated and which methods will be used? How will you structure the data and handle versioning? Who is the target audience?				
Ш	Documentation and Metadat	a				
II.1	Metadata standards	What metadata standards (if any) will be in use and why? (see Digital Curation Centre)				
II.2	Documentation of data	What information is needed for the data to be findable, accessible, interoperable and re-usable (<u>FAIR</u>) in the future? Is the data machine-readable? How are you planning to document this information?				
II.3	Data quality control	What quality assurance processes will you adopt? How will the consistency and quality of data collection be controlled and documented? (This may include processes such as repeat samples or measurements, standardised data capture, peer review of data or representation with controlled vocabularies.)				
Ш	Data Availability and Storage					
III.1	Data sharing strategy	How and when will the data be shared and made accessible? What repository will you be using? What persistent identifier will be used?				
III.2	What data are to be preserved for the long-term, and what data will not be stored? How and where will the data be stored and backed up during the research? How and where will the data be stored after the project ends? For how long will the data be stored? Are there any costs that need to be covered for storage? At what point during or after the project will the data be stored? Are there any technical barriers to making the research data fully or partially accessible?					

Directorate for Engineering Data Management Plans Guidance for Principal Investigators

updated: November 2018

The Directorate for Engineering (ENG) supports research covering a broad spectrum of communities of investigators, and each community has its own best practices. ENG is aware of the need to provide flexibility to programs, principal investigators (PIs), and reviewers in assessing the quality of individual Data Management Plans (DMPs) from various communities. Therefore, guidance has evolved to accommodate changing community standards and expectations. ENG relies on the merit review process to determine which DMPs best serve each community.

The following guidance is to assist ENG investigators, reviewers and Program Officers in developing and evaluating effective, complete, and competitive DMPs. It is important to recognize that while all DMPs should address the five categories of information as specified in the PAPPG, they should not be generic. Each DMP should appropriately identify the data, metadata, samples, software, algorithms, curricula, documentation, publications, and other materials generated in the course of the proposed research. Moreover, the DMPs should describe how these materials will be disseminated, made accessible, and archived while incorporating the best practices and standards for the proposed research. DMPs are subject to peer review. Please contact your specific Program Officer if you have any questions related to DMPs in the program context.

PAPPG and NSF-WIDE REQUIREMENTS

All proposals must include a supplementary document of no more than two pages labeled "Data Management Plan," as described in <u>PAPPG Chapter II.C.2.j.</u> The DMP is NOT part of the 15-page Project Description. *Proposals that do not include a Data Management Plan will be returned without review.*

You may request funds to cover costs of publication, page charges, or preparation of data as a direct cost in your budget proposal, which is evaluated as part of the merit review process. Any costs associated with implementing the DMP should be explained in the Budget Justification.

Some NSF Program Solicitations may contain specific and/or additional instructions that deviate from this guidance and/or provide exceptions to the two-page limit. Instructions in the solicitation take precedence over this guidance. Please check solicitations carefully for this information.

DATA MANAGEMENT PLAN (DMP) CONTENT

The DMP should clearly articulate how the investigators plan to manage and disseminate both the physical and digital data generated by the project, taking advantage of emerging information

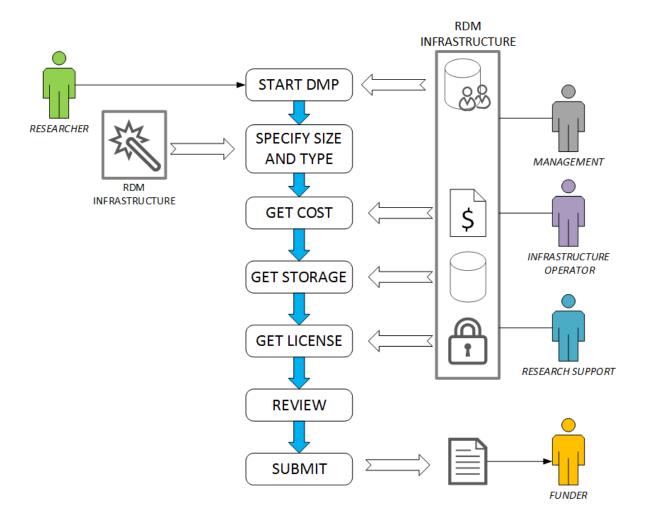


3



Machine-actionable DMPs (maDMPs)

- Machine-actionable DMPs
 - Living documents
 - automate data management
 - > collect information from systems
 - trigger actions in systems
 - facilitate validation
- >This requires
 - > well-defined RDM workflows
 - data management infrastructure
 - common standard to represent information







DMPs vs maDMPs

Traditional DMP

```
<administrative_data>
    <question>Who is responsible for the DMP?</question>
    <answer>Moritz from our university.</answer>
</administrative_data>
```

Machine-actionable DMP

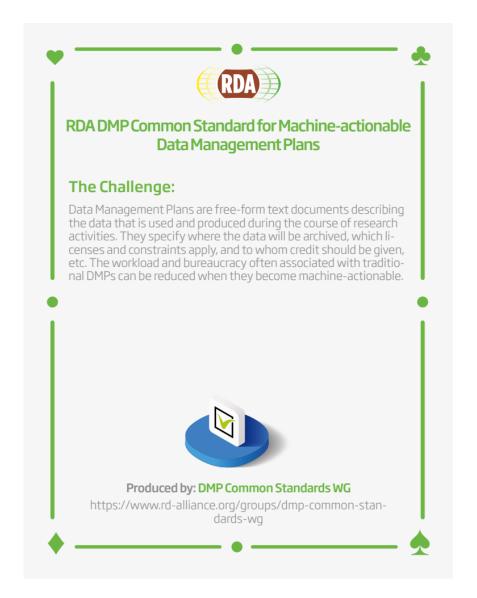
```
"contributor" : [ {
    "contributor_id" : {
        "identifier" : "0000-0002-5164-2690",
        "type" : "orcid"
     },
    "mbox" : "moritz.staudinger@tuwien.ac.at",
    "name" : "Moritz Staudinger",
    "role" : [ "Data Manager" ]
```

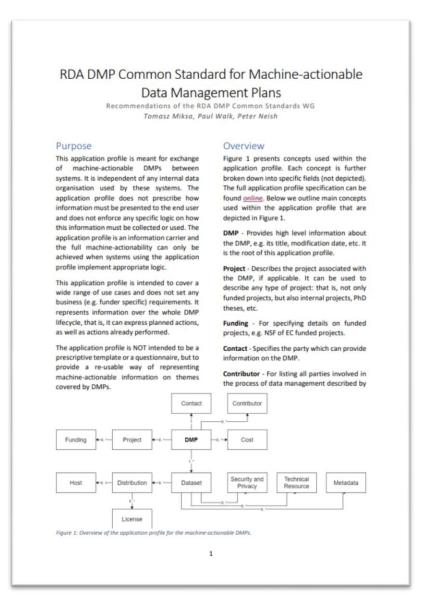
maDMPs use PIDs and controlled vocabularies.

Example shows that Moritz is the one responsible for data management.



Official RDA Recommendation on maDMPs







Adoptions (selected)



























maDMPs - documentation

Name	Description	Data Type	Cardinality	Example Value		
contact	Contact person for a DMP	Nested Data Structure	1	NC	OT a questionnaire! OT a template!	
contributor	To list people that play role in data management related to this DMP, e.g. resoponsible for performing actions described in this DMP.	Nested Data Structure	0n			
cost	To list costs related to data management. Providing multiple instances of a 'Cost' allows to break down costs into details. Providing one 'Cost' instance allows to provide one aggregated sum.	Nested Data Structure	0n	Mos	st fields are optional!	
created	Date and time of the first version of a DMP. Must not be changed in subsequent DMPs.		1	2019-03-13 13:13		
dataset	To describe data on a non- technical level.	Nested Data Structure	1n			





Machine-actionable DMP

```
"dataset" : [ {
 "description": "For each dataset (fish and employee) the original dataset will be split into two subsets, one for training and one for testing the
 performance."
  "distribution" : [ {
   "access url": "https://zenodo.org/record/6467615",
   "byte size" : 2999302,
   "data access" : "open",
   "description": "For each dataset (fish and employee) the original dataset will be split into two subsets, one for training and one for testing the
   performance.",
   "format" : [ "STRUCTURED TEXT" ],
   "host" : {
     "description": "ZENODO builds and operates a simple and innovative service that enables researchers, scientists, EU projects and institutions to share
     and showcase multidisciplinary research results (data and publications) that are not part of the existing institutional or subject-based repositories of
     the research communities.\nZENODO enables researchers, scientists, EU projects and institutions to:\neasily share the long tail of small research results
     in a wide variety of formats including text, spreadsheets, audio, video, and images across all fields of science. Indisplay their research results and get
     credited by making the research results citable and integrate them into existing reporting lines to funding agencies like the European
     Commission.\neasily access and reuse shared research results.",
     "pid system" : [ "doi" ],
     "storage type" : "other",
     "support versioning": "unknown",
     "title" : "Zenodo",
     "url" : "https://zenodo.org/"
   "license" : [ {
     "license ref": "https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/",
     "start date": "2022-05-01 22:00:00.0"
   } ],
   "title": "Training and Test Subsets for Performance Comparison of kNN and GD"
```

Each dataset has a title and a human readable description.

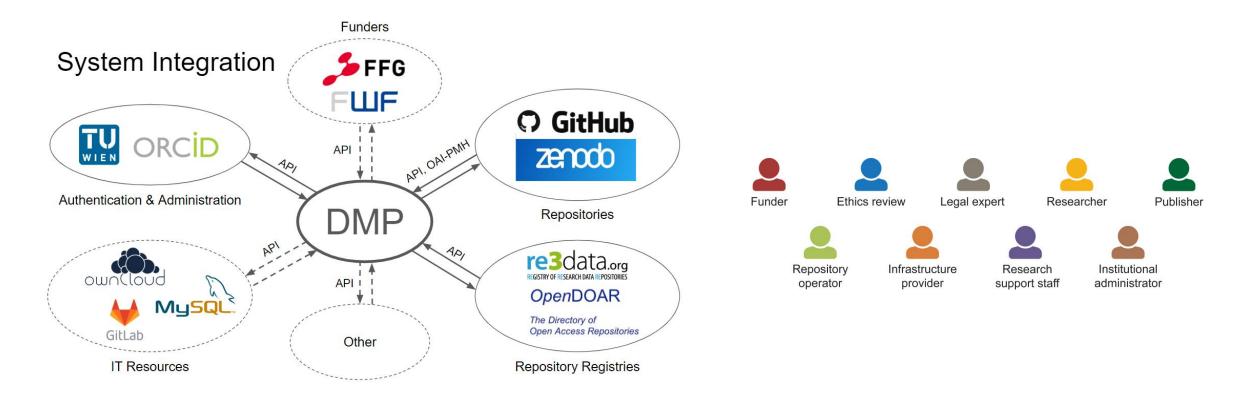
It is also clear what the **format**, **size** and the **location** of the dataset are.

License and mode of access, including any exact embargo periods, are specified as well.



RDM Infrastructure

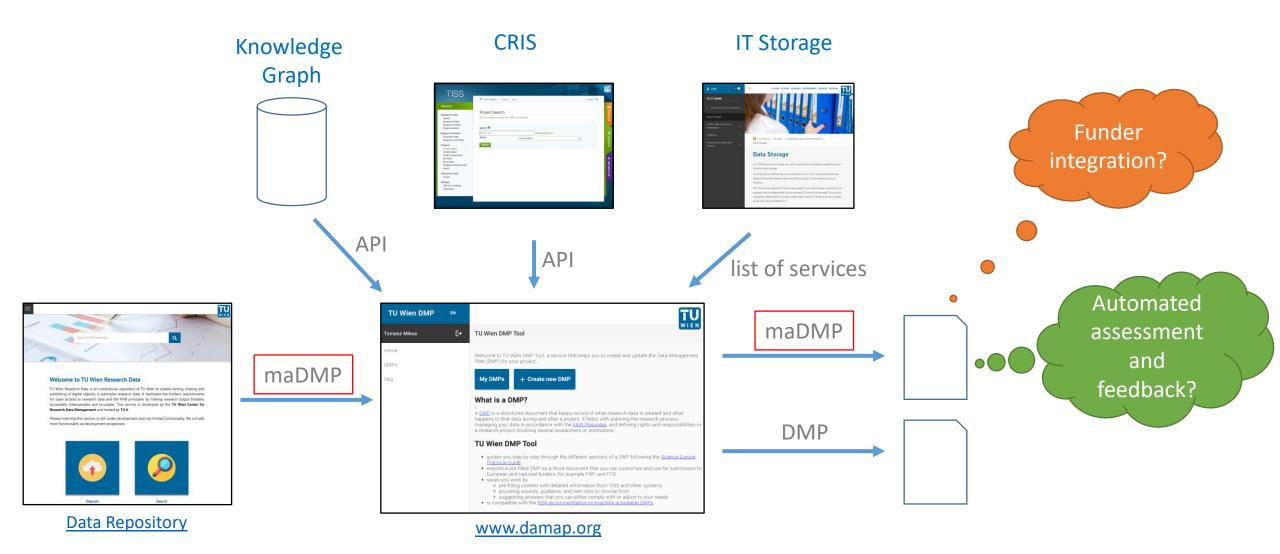
- > maDMPs are the 'glue' between different systems
 - > Automate getting information in and out







Example: TU Wien in Austria







DMP Common Standards WG

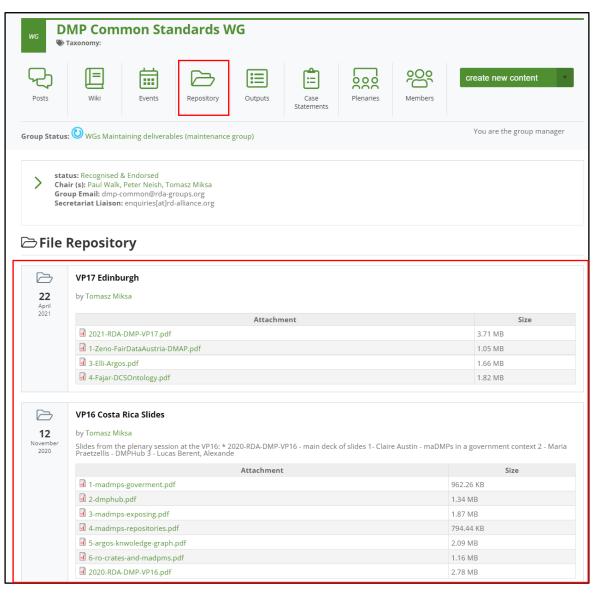
>Slides from all our sessions are in the repository

https://www.rd-alliance.org/node/56938/file-repository

Join the group!

We have **250+** members!

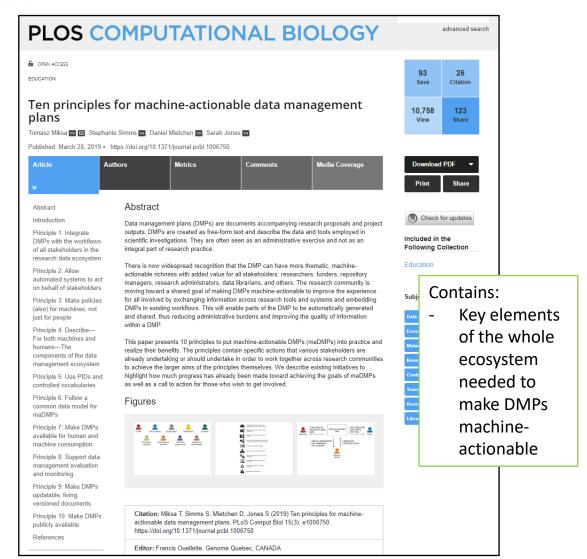
- **>** Contact
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Read more in...



Automating Research Data Management Using Machine-actionable Data Management Plans

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Many research funders mandate researchers to create and maintain Data Management Plans (DMPs) for research projects that describe how research data is managed to ensure its reusability. A DMP being a static textual document is difficult to act upon and can quickly become obsolete and impractical to maintain. A new generation of machine-actionable DMPs was therefore proposed by the Research Data Alliance to enable automated integration of information and updates. Machine-actionable DMPs open up a variety of use cases enabling interoperability of research systems and automation of data management tasks.

In this paper we describe a system for machine-actionable data management planning in an institutional context. We identify common use cases within research that can be automated to benefit from machine-actionability of DMPs. We propose a reference architecture of a machine-actionable DMP support system that can be embedded into an institutional research data management infrastructure. The system semi-automates creation and maintenance of DMPs, and thus eases the burden for the stakeholders responsible for various DMP elements. We evaluate the proposed system in a case study conducted at the largest technical university in Austria and quantify to what extent the DMP templates provided by the European Commission and a national funding body can be pre-filled. The proof-of-concept implementation shows that machine-actionable DMP workflows can be semi-automated, thus workfload on involved parties can be reduced and quality of information increased. The results are especially relevant to decision makers and infrastructure operators who want to design information systems in a systematic way that can utilise the full potential of machine-actionable DMPs.

CCS Concepts - Applied computing \rightarrow Enterprise data management; Business process management; IT architectures; - Information systems \rightarrow Digital libraries and archives; - Social and professional topics \rightarrow Automation.

Additional Key Words and Phrases: data management plan, machine-actionable, business processes, enterprise architecture, funder template, requirements engineering, automation, RDM, RDA, FAIR

ACM Reference Format:

Tomasz Miksa, Simon Oblasser, and Andreas Rauber. 2021. Automating Research Data Management Using Machine-actionable Data Management Plans. ACM Trans. Manag. Inform. Syst. 1, 1, Article 1 (January 2021), 22 pages. https://doi.org/10.1145/3409396

1 INTRODUCTION

The data revolution continues to transform every sector of science, industry, and government [AS19]. The economic and societal benefits and increased effectiveness of research funding by ensuring that data generated and (pre-) processed as part of research remains available for re-use,

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ACM Trans. Manag. Inform. Syst., Vol. 1, No. 1, Article 1. Publication date: January 2021.

Contains:

- Enterprise
 Architecture
 that uses
 maDMPs
- Examples of tasks automation at institutions using maDMPs

ACM Transactions on Management Information Systems

https://doi.org/10.1145/3490396

https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pcbi.1006750





Publications about maDMPs

- > Tomasz Miksa, Simon Oblasser, and Andreas Rauber. Automating research data management using machine-actionable data management plans. ACM Transactions on Management Information Systems, 13(2), dec 2021.
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