

In-band Network Telemetry using Data Plane Programming

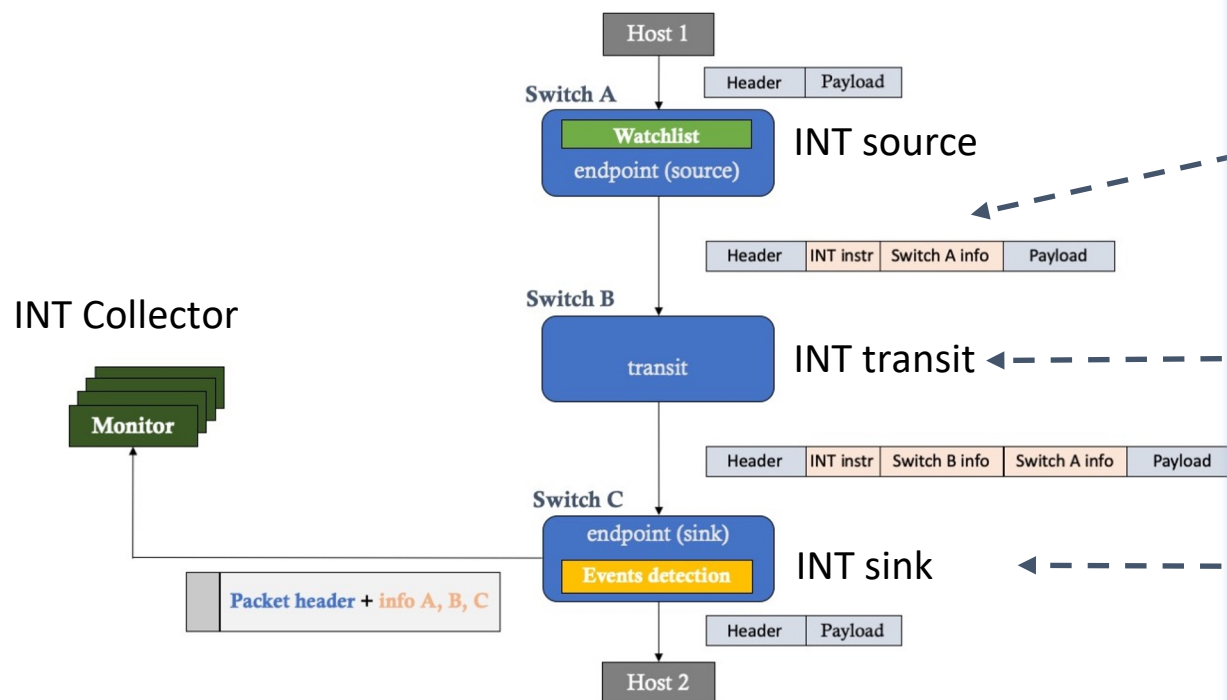
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In-Band Network Telemetry (INT) short summary

INT alters structure of selected packets, in the fly, to collect and transport information in-band, in real time



INT functions

INT source node adds a small **INT header** to **every chosen packet** containing e.g. Switch IDs, Interfaces IDs, Timestamps, Link and queue utilization


INT transit nodes add specific local

The last **INT sink** node extracts, may analyze and and sends information to a collector

INT as data plane programming application

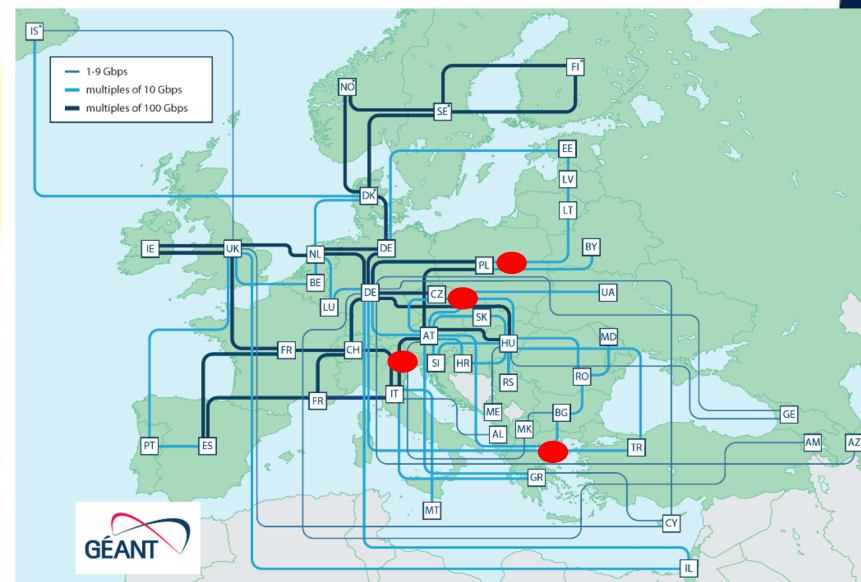
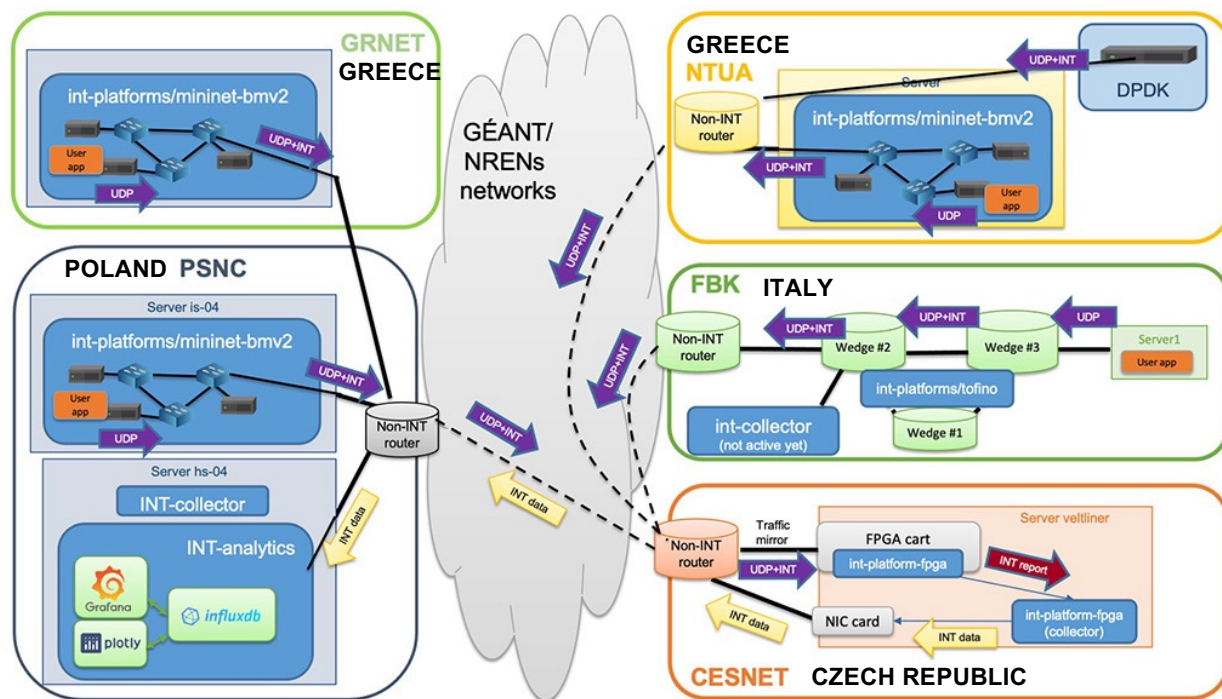
- Alters the structure of every packet with "in-house" logic
- Applies "non switching" logic to packets
- Personalizes monitoring and fast-feed information to control plane
- Offers a tool that permits precision monitoring in faster, larger and more automated networks.

Investigation with tools started to be available in 2018:

 Programming Protocol-Independent Packet Processors :
High level, C-like, coding language for controlling packet forwarding planes in networking devices

- New silicon, P4 enabled (Tofino, FPGA ...), working at line speed enabling programming, Telemetry (push vs pull model),...

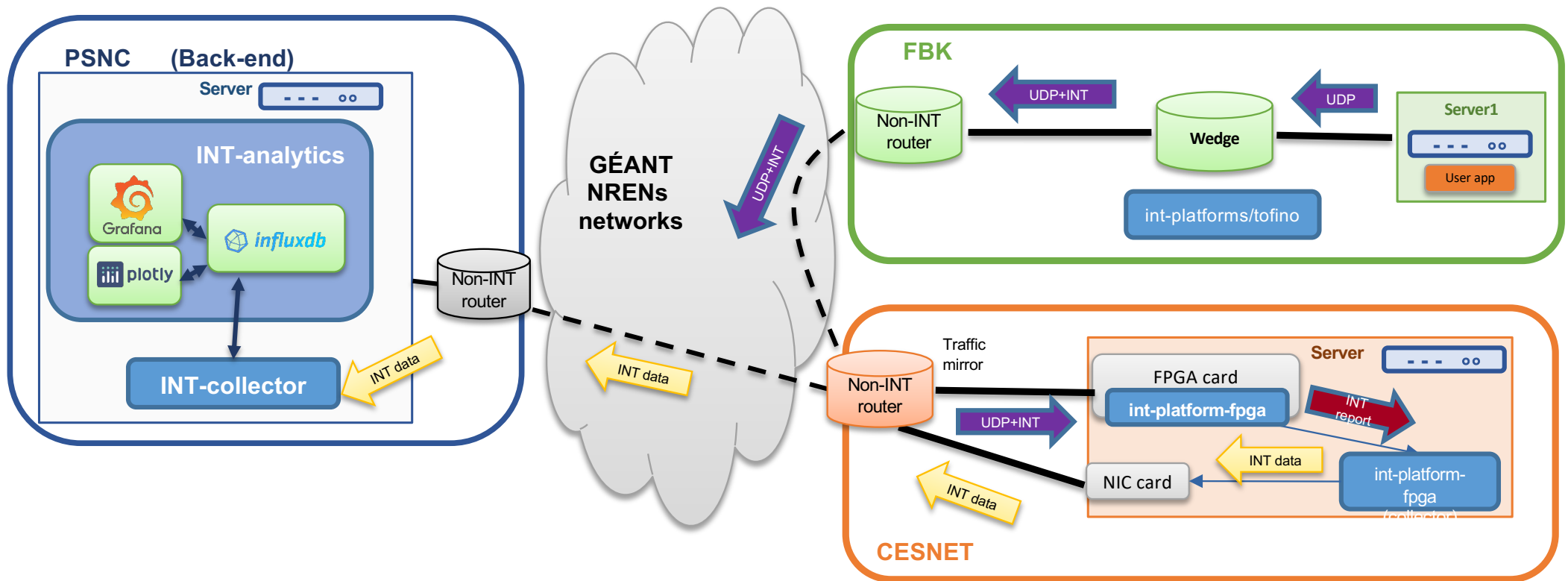
Our INT testbed over production NREN networks



- Packet carries **timestamps, sequence number in INT headers** between Source (all) and Sink node (CESNET)
- UDP packets generated at constant rate ~1k to 300k pps

- 4 switch platforms
- UDP packets flow in NRENs networks
- Collected INT data in CESNET is sent to PSNC for collection and presentation.

INT test set-up (FBK to Cesnet)

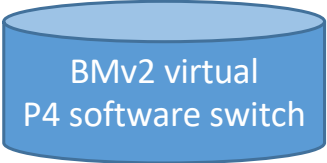


INT P4 code developed for these platforms (BMv2, Tofino on GitHub)



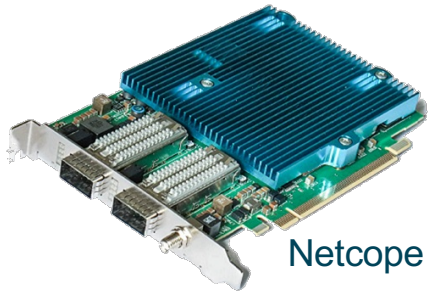
P4 on DPDK
"classic" HW

DPDK (Data Plane Development Kit) kernel software acceleration, available for 2 P4 to DPDK compilers (T4P4S and P4C-DPDK)



BMv2 virtual
P4 software switch

BMv2 Behavioral Model v2 – emulation of Tofino
Uses Mininet



Netcope NFB-100G2

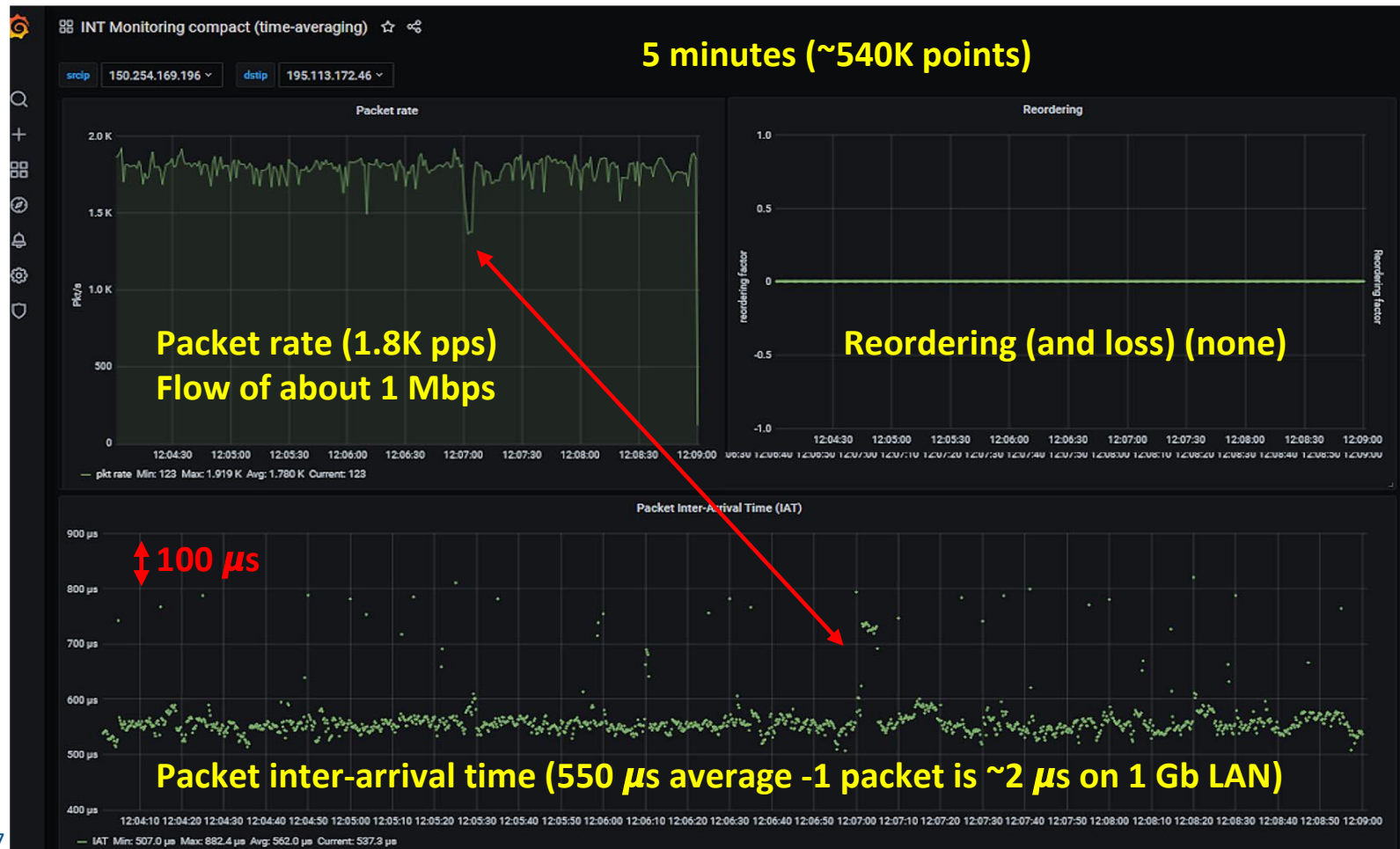
FPGA P4 compiler developed by Cesnet up to 2x100 Gbps



Edgecore Wedge100BF-32X

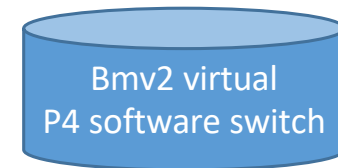
Tofino Asic engineered for dataplane programming by Barefoot (now Intel)

5 minutes of the INT tags in a single UDP flow PSNC to CESNET



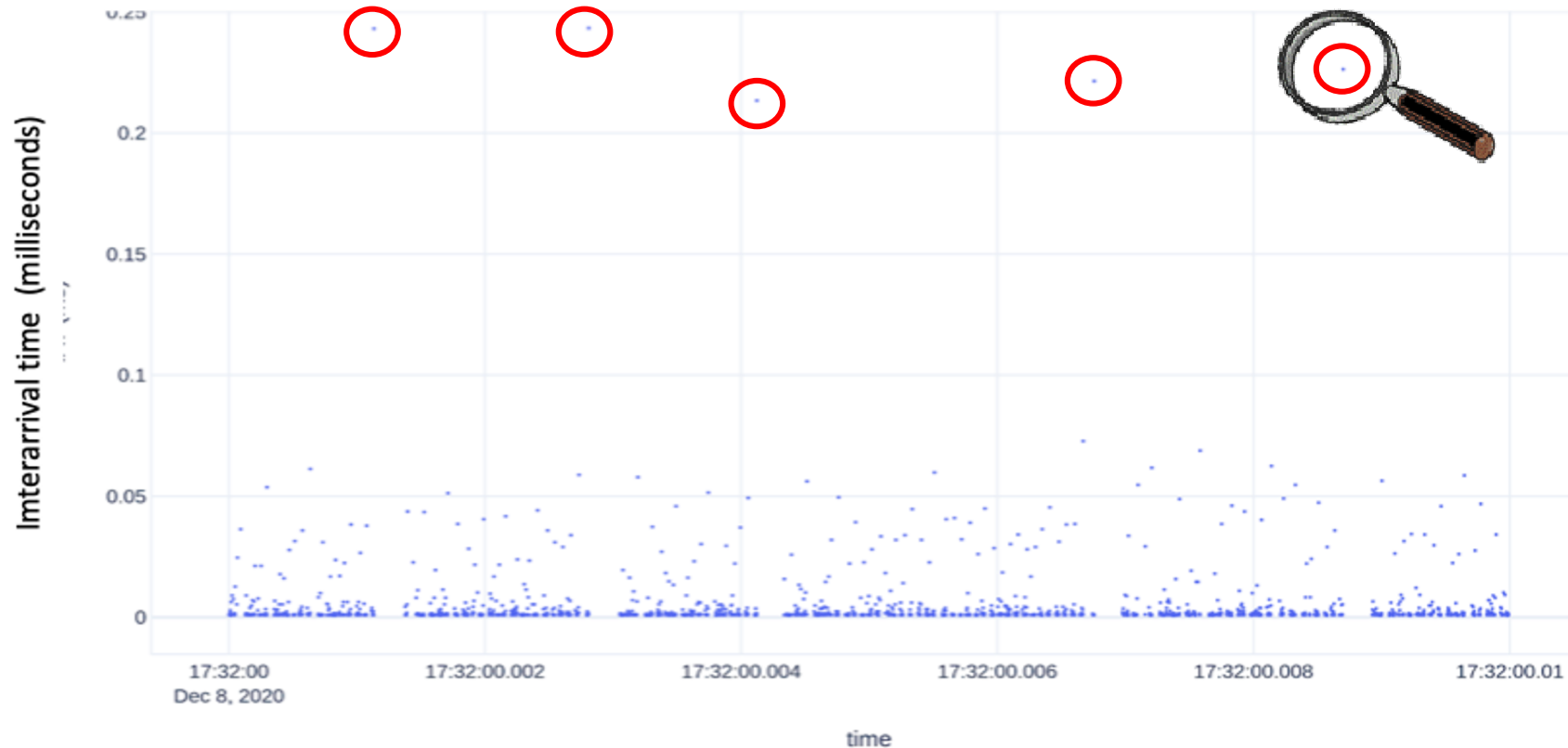
INT Platforms: Lessons Learned

- BMv2/mininet: good to set-up initial P4 program development (but performance/jitter ceiling)
- Tofino switches: feature-rich for P4
 - Clock timestamping, licensing issues
- FPGA card: fast, flexible HW
 - P4 compiler quality: vital;
 - HW insight is required
- INT-DPDK :
 - Promising performance up to few Gbps
 - Needs careful selection of Network Interface Cards, (timestamping, etc...)
 - P4 to DPDK compiler quality may vary



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10 ms of inter-arrival packet time, 1 UDP flow of 260 K pps
(~3.3 μ s average) FBK to CESNET (1 packet is ~2 μ s @ 1 Gb LAN)



Current activity

- Bug fixes of the code for the four platforms
- Testing a new collector with rule based parsing to reduce data total size
- Systematic measurement / calibration of behaviour in a LAN environment

Then

- Systematic measurement in WAN of production environment

Results

- Data Plane Programming) (using P4) is **not business-as-usual**, requires specific expertise (fastly changing, mixing ICT, network and data)
- INT offers an agile tool for high frequency **monitoring**, supporting new **control plane** mechanisms and debugging in real time.
- The network behaviour at microsecond, or lower, scale looks complex, and transient effects are evident also at milliseconds range
- INT can operate at application level e2e between cooperating end-sites without imposing agreements on production backbones
- **Time stamping is not a standard and precise time synchronization** between cooperating node may be mandatory requirement for some use cases

Closing remarks

- Standard ICT HW works up to 1 Gbps links, with some optimization. Specific ASIs are required above 1Gbps
- High frequency monitoring needs to be understood to evaluate its usefulness, including when information is fed to with machine learning.
- INT/P4 use may/will generate and require handling of large amount of "raw" data, to be used for analytics and more.
- Having “big data” opens the possibility to use Machine Learning analisys tools

Acknowledgements

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Xavier Jeannin (RENATER France)

Thanks !

More information on GÉANT Data Plane Programmability activity

- **Data Plane Programming / INT GEANT web page** <https://wiki.geant.org/display/NETDEV/INT>
Includes all documents produced and a **pointer to GitHub INT P4 code**
- **Mailing list:** <https://lists.geant.org/sympa/subscribe/int-discuss>,
- **White Paper INT Tests in NREN networks** – DPP WP6 T1 white paper
https://www.geant.org/Resources/Documents/GN4-3_White-Paper_In-Band-Network-Telemetry.pdf
- **DDoS Paper:** "In-Network Volumetric DDoS Victim Identification Using Programmable Commodity Switches", F. Pederzoli, M. Campanella and D. Siracusa, in IEEE Transactions on Network and Service Management, Vol. 18, Issue: 2, June 2021, page: 1191-1202, DOI: 10.1109/TNSM.2021.3073597 and at <https://arxiv.org/abs/2104.06277>
- **The GÉANT First Telemetry and Big Data Workshop**
<https://wiki.geant.org/display/PUB/Telemetry+and+Big+Data+Workshop>

Non GEANT References

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- Oliver Michel, Roberto Bifulco, Gábor Rétvári, Stefan Schmid, "**The Programmable Data Plane: Abstractions, Architectures, Algorithms, and Applications**", ACM Computing Surveys, Volume 54, Issue 4, May 2021, Article No.: 82, pp 1–36, <https://doi.org/10.1145/344786810.36227/techrxiv.12894677.v1> <https://www.univie.ac.at/ct/stefan/csur21.pdf>
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- **IOAM**: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/ioam/about/>

Thank you

Any questions?

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